# Year FM Further Pure Mathematics Examination Revision : Health Check ${ }^{\circ} \mathbf{2}$ 



## Fortify Your Maths

Any solution based entirely on graphical or numerical methods is not acceptable Marks Available : 30

## Question 1

The matrix $\mathbf{A}=\left(\begin{array}{rrr}3 & k & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 0 & k+3\end{array}\right)$, where $k$ is a constant
(i) Find $\operatorname{det} \mathbf{A}$ in terms of $k$

Given that $\mathbf{A}$ is singular,
( ii ) find the possible values of $k$

## Question 2

$$
f(z)=z^{3}+3 z^{2}+k z+48, k \in \mathbb{R}
$$

Given that $f(4 i)=0$
(a) find the value of $k$
(b) find and list all the roots of the equation

## Question 3

Show that $\frac{\cos 2 x+\mathrm{i} \sin 2 x}{\cos 9 x-\mathrm{i} \sin 9 x}$ can be expressed in the form $\cos n x+\mathrm{i} \sin n x$, where $n$ is an integer to be found

## Question 4

Given that $\sum_{r=1}^{n} r^{2}(r-1)=\frac{1}{12} n(n+1)\left(p n^{2}+q n+r\right)$
( a ) find the values of $p, q$ and $r$
(b) Hence evaluate $\sum_{r=50}^{100} r^{2}(r-1)$

## Question 5

The diagram shows parts of the curves with equations,

$$
y=12-x^{2} \quad \text { (in red) } \quad \text { and } \quad y=8-0.2 x^{2} \quad \text { (in gold) }
$$



A jeweller models a gold ring as the volume of revolution formed when the area bounded by these two curves is rotated through $360^{\circ}$ about the $x$-axis
(i) Given that the dimensions on the diagram are in millimetres, state the maximum outer diameter of the ring

## [ 1 mark ]

The density of gold is $19.3 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~cm}^{-3}$
( ii ) Find the mass of the ring according to this model, giving your answer in grams to 1 decimal place.
( iii ) Give one reason why the actual mass of the ring is likely to be different from your answer to part (ii).

